

TATTOOS

Tunable twistronics : local tuning and probing of topological edge states and superconductivity in bilayer graphene

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Outline

- 1. Context
- 2. Objectives
- 3. Main results of the second year

Context - superconducting graphene



Objectives

Understanding superconducting & correlated phases in twisted graphene

Ultralow



temperature AFM tip (V) (BLG (BL

Mapping electronic transport at the local scale in moiré systems

SGM measurements

Graphene superconducting junctions

Twist angle

« Phase diagram » of correlated electron phases as a function of twist angle

Simulating properties of twisted BLG



nature

- below 1.1°, significant reconstruction of the lattice in different domains (AB-BA, AA and SP)
- local modifications of electron-phonon coupling
- observable changes in nano-Raman spectra

Gadelha et al., Nature 590, 405 (2021).

Moiré influence on electronic properties



- large change in bond length in AA domains, and on soliton lines (SL)
- development of tight-binding model for reconstructed twisted BLG
- strong electronic localization in AA regions at magic angle (~1.1°)
- below 1.1°, relative importance of AA is reduced no magic angle <1.1°

V-H. Nguyen et al., 2D Materials 8, 035046 (2021).







Automated optical detection and classification of 2D flakes



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Laser cutting of SLG – critical step for TBG fabrication

3.547 µm



Pulsed super continuum laser



Raman imaging of twist angle variations







A. Schäpers et al., arXiv: 2104.06370

Imaging moirés with scanning probes

Piezoelectric-force microscopy (PFM)



hB

Si/SiO2



domain boundaries are visible and can be moved



• at λ = 10.6 μ m, difference of optical contrast between ABCA and ABAB

• plasmon signatures at boundaries (not visible in PFM)



Transport in TBG near the magic angle



- Transport through constrictions of TBL
- Band (BI) / correlated (CI) insulating states and superconductivity (SC)



Scanning gate microscopy (SGM)



Rotating hBN on BLG - tuning transport





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Rotating hBN on BLG – tuning transport



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Summary/main results

- Development of tight-binding models of twisted multilayer systems simulation of relaxed structures
- New tools for assembling heterostructures :

- automated optical detection/classification of 2D flakes

- laser precision cutting tools

• development of new tools for imaging twist angle :

- Raman TA peak - suitable for 6.5-8°

- direct imaging of Moiré through PFM and s-SNOM

- observation of superconductivity and correlated electronic phases in TBG
- imaging topological breakdown in encapsulated monolayer graphene using scanning gate microscopy
- rotation of hBN on double layer graphene difference in topological valley current at 0° and 60°
 => with C atoms sitting on B or on N, one has different strains and interactions with the topmost layer
 => transition from valley Hall to ohmic behaviour.



Thank you !

