Flag–ERA JTC 2017-HBP "CAUSALTOMICS"

Causal connectomics subtending oscillatory spread and information flow in the human brain

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- 1. Brain **oscillatory activity** and interregional **synchrony** have been shown to subtend **network** communication between neural assemblies characterizing different aspects of human cognition.
- Coding phenomena allow an efficient activation of neural networks and a transfer of information essential for complex processes subtending high-level cognition
- 3. Oscillatory and synchrony phenomena have been extensively explored in animals and humans using correlational approaches.
- 4. Nonetheless, **causal** evidence on the physiological features, anatomical constrains and cognitive role played by oscillations and synchrony in the human brain is still lacking.

Postulates & main deliverable

- 1. The direct manipulation of **neural oscillations** with **rhythmic patterns** of brain **intracranial stimulation** coupled to intracranial EEG has the potential to **causally** characterize **functional** and **structural interactions**, extending our understanding on how brain networks operate.
- 2. The causal characterization of reliable maps of **natural frequencies**, **oscillatory entrainment** and information flow across brain regions will open novel therapeutic strategies for patients suffering brain diseases, subtended by synchrony impairments.

We aim to build causal connectivity atlases (*causal connectome*) of the human brain that characterize electro-physiological features, structural constraints and connection directionality.

General Aims

GENERAL AIM 1: ENTRAINMENT OF LOCAL & INTEREGIONAL SYNCHRONY WITH INTRACRANIAL STIMULATION

We will use intracranial electroencephalographic (iEEG) recordings to characterize the causal impact of intracranial rhythmic stimulation patterns on ongoing local brain activity and in interconnected brain areas by means of high-resolution iEEG recordings

See Amengual et al Sci Reports 2017 for feasibility

GENERAL AIM 2: MODELING SPREAD OF OSCILLATORY ACTIVITY THROUGH WHITE MATTER TRACTS

We will combine iEEG recordings and diffusion MRI data from each individual patient and by using structural connectomics, functional connectivity measures, we will model how the spread of information across brain sites is constrained by white matter connectivity

See Donos et al Neuroimage 2017 for feasibility

Scientific Work Packages & Methods

Work Package 1

Collecting, anonymizing and databasing iEEG stimulation data and neuroimaging data on a standardized protocol and determining electrode location.

WP Leader: ICM-Paris, assisted by UBH-BUCH & IMIM-BCN

Work Package 2

Analyzing signs of local phase resetting after single pulse stimulation, natural frequencies and entrainment with bursts of intracranial stimulation.

WP Leader: ICM-Paris assisted by UBH-BUCH

Work Package 3

Analyzing network distributed spread of single pulse and burst patterns across brain locations and calculating information transfer measures.

WP Leader: IMIM-BCN assisted by ICM-Paris

Work Package 4

Analyzing DTI data and co-localization of structural and functional connectivity. **WP Leader: UBH-BUCH assisted by ICM-Paris**

Work Package 5

Clinical/cognitive effects of intracortical stimulation in implanted patients. **WP Leader**: **IMIM-BCN assisted by UBH-BUCH**

WP2: Entraining local oscillations



Amengual et al Sci Reports 2017

WP2: Mapping Natural Frequencies



WP3: Causal Functional Connectivity



n=18 patients

Duarte et al In preparation 2017

WP4: Effective-Structural connectivity



WP5: Stimulation and cognition

GOAL: acquire objective behavioural and cognitive data synchronized to iEEG and e-stim



Cognitive and e-stim framework: semi-automated tasks challenging different domains (motor, sensitive, language and memory) will be administered to the patient; through a microcontroller we will start e-stim and put markers over the iEEG traces. The clinician will retain control over e-stim.

Teams involved

TEAM 1 (coordination): ICM-PARIS, France Dr. Antoni Valero-Cabré, MD PhD Neurophysiologist & Cognitive Neuroscientist CNRS UMR, 7225 & INSERM U1127 & Hôpital de la Pitié-Salpêtrière 10-12 implanted patients/year

TEAM 2: UBH-BUCH, ROMANIA Dr. Ioana Mindruta MD PhD

Clinical Neurologist & Epileptologist Bucharest University Emergency Hospital Epilepsy Unit 12-15 implanted patients/year

TEAM 3: IMIM-BCN Dr. Alessandro Principe MD,PhD Clinical Neuro-physiologist & Epileptologist Institut Hospital del Mar-IMIM, Epilepsy Group 12-15 implanted patients/year Dr. Claude Adam MD PhD Clinical Neurophysiologist Dr. Mario Chavez PhD Physicist/Engineer Dr. Katia Lehongre PhD Neuroengineer/Physiologist

Dr. Andrei Barborica PhD Physicist and neurophysiologist Dr. Cristian Donos PhD Physicist, & Clinical Neurophysiologist

Dr. Rocamora MD PhD, Neurologist & Epileptologist Dr. Adrià Tauste Campo PhD Computational neuroscientist Dr. Ignacio Delgado-Martínez Neurophysiologist MD, PhD

Help from HBP technical platforms

We have identified 4 specific tasks for which input and help form HBP flagship core and associated members will be instrumental:

- **CASUALTOMICS WP1**: Open access *databasing* and indexing strategies for iEEG and MRI data produced by the consortium
- CASUALTOMICS WP4: White matter high-resolution human atlases for co/registration with iEEG effective connectivity maps
- CASUALTOMICS WP3&4 Computational approaches to *co-register/compare* functional connectivity/structural connectivity maps
- CASUALTOMICS WP3&4 Computational approaches to combine individual human effective/structural maps in brain space conveying such patterns.

Involving the following HBP technical platforms

- SP5 Neuroinformatics Platform: Gathering, organizing & making available brain data
- SP7 High Performance Analytics and Computing Platform
- SP6 Brain Simulation Platform: Developing data-driven reconstructions and simulation capabilities

Contribution to HBP subprojects

HBP Subproject SP2 Human Brain Organization: Understanding the structure of the human brain, and its electrical and chemical functions.

- CAUSALTOMICS (WP 2,3&4) can contribute (HBP SP2 WP 2.2 & 2.5) causal high-spatial resolution iEEG recordings combined with functional and structural connectivity datasets maps of regional natural frequencies
- Maps exploring causally the ability to entrain and spread behaviorally relevant oscillatory activity and synchrony across human brain regions as a function of structural connectivity maps.

HBP Subproject SP3 Systems and Cognitive Neuroscience: Understanding how the brain performs its systems-level and cognitive functional activities.

- CAUSALTOMICS (WP 3,4 &5) can contribute (HBP SP3 WP 2.1 & 3.2) causal evidence on the anatomical and electrophysiological variables that either constrain or facilitate the flow of information across structural brain networks
- Provide causal prove of the relation of the frequency/phase of these oscillations with specific cognitive/behavioral correlates while analyzing the underlying influence of white matter connectivity physically which conveying such patterns.

Thanks for your attention

Coordinator:

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